## Quarterly <br> Congestion Analysis Report for the Baltimore Region

## Top 10 Bottleneck Locations

$1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter 2016

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## About the Region

Located in the heart of the Mid-Atlantic on the east coast, the Baltimore region includes:


The Baltimore region is the nation's 19th largest market, with over 2.5 million people. The market also ranks among the top 20 in the country in the number of households, total effective buying income and retail sales.

## Baltimore Metropolitan Region



Prepared by
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Projected Coordinate System: NAD 1983 State Plane (ft) Data Source: BMC, © NAVTEQ 2013, TIGER/Line®, MTA Printed - July 2013


## How are bottleneck conditions tracked?

## If the reported speed falls <br> below $60 \%$ of the <br> reference, the road segment is flagged as a potential bottleneck

Bottleneck conditions are determined by comparing the current reported speed to the reference speed for each segment of road. Reference speed values are provided by INRIX for each segment, and represent the 85th percentile observed speed for all time periods, with a maximum value of 65 mph . If the reported speed falls below $60 \%$ of the reference, the road segment is flagged as a potential bottleneck. If the reported speed stays below $60 \%$ for five minutes, the segment is confirmed as a bottleneck location. Adjacent road segments meeting this condition are joined together to form the bottleneck queue. When reported speeds on every segment associated with a bottleneck queue have returned to values greater than $60 \%$ of their reference values and remained that way for 10 minutes, the bottleneck is considered cleared. Bottlenecks whose total queue length, determined by adding the length of each road segment associated with the bottleneck is less than 0.3 miles are ignored. Queues may originate outside the Baltimore region but are reported on if any portion extends into the region.


## Bottleneck Ranking Table



The Bottleneck Ranking Table will display a list of locations identified as being bottlenecks along with some additional information for each location, including:

- Rank - The ranked position of the location according to the current table ordering (Impact by default)
- Impact - The aggregation of queue length over time for congestion originating at each location in mile-minutes. For example, if at time $t 1$ an element has congestion covering one mile of the roadway, it has an impact of 1 . If the congestion then grows at time $t 2$ to cover 2 miles, the location will now have an impact of 3 . If at time $t 3$ congestion shrinks to 1 mile, and at t 4 there is no congestion, the element will have a final impact of 4 .
- Average max length - The average maximum length, in miles, of queues formed by congestion originating at the location
- Average daily duration - The average amount of time per day that congestion is identified originating at the location
- Total duration - The total amount of time congestion was identified at the location
- All Events/Incidents - The number of traffic events and incidents that occurred within the space of the bottleneck at any time during the time period being analyzed


## Bottleneck Ranking Incident Icons

When showing event/incident icons on some of the graphs in the Bottleneck Ranking tool a minimalist approach has been taken. In order to reduce clutter and confusion on the graphs, icons have been simplified down to single shape and color. Each represents the following:

Red - Severe events and incidents

- Emergency Roadwork
- Injury
- Medical Emergency


Orange - Roadwork
$\diamond$
Yellow - All other events and incidents

More detailed icons may be used at times when a major incident was the cause of a bottleneck.

## Incident/Event Icons

- Injury

Top 10 Bottlenecks in the Baltimore Region 1st Quarter 2016

Overview Map


Top 10 Bottlenecks in the Baltimore Region
1st Quarter 2016
By Impact
The aggregation of queue length over time for congestion originating at each location in mile minutes. This table indicates the top 10 congested corridors in the region.

|  | Location | Impact | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Average } \\ \text { max } \\ \text { length } \\ \text { (miles) } \end{array}$ | Average Daily Duration | Total Duration | All Events Incidents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | I-695 OL @ Edmondson Ave/Exit 14 | 50,456 | 5.26 | 1 h 47 m | 6 d 18 h 35 m | 611 |
| 2 | I-695 IL @ MD-41/Perring Pkwy/Exit 30 | 47,463 | 3.08 | 2 h 17 m | 8 d 16 h 27 m | 576 |
| 3 | I-695 IL @ I-70/Exit 16 | 34,532 | 2.24 | 2 h 42 m | 10 d 05 h 47 m | 210 |
| 4 | I-695 IL @ I-83/MD-25/Exit 23 | 33,080 | 3.60 | 2 h 00 m | 7 d 14 h 12 m | 388 |
| 5 | I-95 SB @ I-495/Exit 27-25 | 32,884 | 2.63 | 2 h 50 m | 10 d 18 h 41 m | 590 |
| 6 | MD-295 SB @ Powder Mill Rd | 29,655 | 4.94 | 1 h 19 m | 5 d 01 h 00 m | 212 |
| 7 | MD-295 SB @ MD-198 | 27,926 | 2.58 | 2 h 05 m | 7 d 22 h 37 m | 239 |
| 8 | I-695 OL @ US-40/Exit 15 | 25,976 | 3.53 | 1 h 23 m | 5 d 06 h 28 m | 730 |
| 9 | US 50 WB @ Bay Bridge Toll Plaza | 23,436 | 3.73 | 1 h 07 m | 4 d 06 h 35 m | 284 |
| 10 | MD-295 NB @ MD-175 | 22,887 | 3.91 | 1 h 12 m | 4 d 14 h 37 m | 205 |

IL = Inner Loop
OL = Outer Loop
NB = Northbound
SB = Southbound
$E B=$ Eastbound
$W B=$ Westbound


## Top 10 Bottlenecks in the Baltimore Region

## By Impact

Aggregation of queue length over time in mile minutes

1st Quarter 2016

Average max length (miles)
Average duration (hours)

## \#1 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016



Notes: Longstanding bottleneck on the outer loop of the beltway primarily during the morning rush. High traffic volume area. Delays extend back as far as MD-26/Liberty Rd. Also contributing to congestion in the area is a beltway widening project which began in February. "The plan is for crews to add a fourth lane to the outer loop and widen the median in anticipation of a possible fifth lane. The bridges over Ingleside and Edmondson avenues will be replaced to increase the clearance height." (Source: The Baltimore Sun 2/23/15)
\#1 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016


## \#2 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016



Notes: Congestion was most severe between I-83 and Providence Rd in the afternoon PM peak period. Factors contributing to this long standing and extended congested zone: merging and weaving associated with traffic at each interchange and a lane drop (to 3 lanes) at MD-45/York Rd.
\#2 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016

\#3 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016


Notes: Normal inner-loop congestion with the greatest delays between MD 144 and the lane drop at I-70. High-volume ramps from Security Blvd, I-70 and US 40 contributed to the congestion.
\#3 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016

\#4 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016


Notes: Morning rush hour congestion. The lane drop approaching the ramp to southbound I-83 is a contributing factor, as are merging and weaving at the interchanges in this segment.
\#4 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016

| Location Impact Average max <br> length (miles) | Average Daily Duratio | Total Duration | All Events/Incidents |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I-695 IL @ I-83/MD-25/Exit 23 33,080 3.60 | 2 h 00 m | 7 d 14 h 12 | 388 |  |
| The center represents January 1, 2016 and the outer edge represents April 1, 2016. | Traffic Volumes - Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) STATION_DESCRIPTION IS695-.50 MI N OF GREENSPRING AVE <br> AADT |  |  |  |

\#5 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016


Notes: I-95 merge with the Capital Beltway I-495. Volume related delays. Congestion seen in the morning and afternoon rush hour sometimes extending into the southern portion of the Baltimore region.
\#5 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016



Notes: Southbound AM and PM congestion extending from Powder Mill Rd just barely extending into the southern portion of the Baltimore region near Fort Meade occurring during both the morning and afternoon peak periods. Bottleneck is potentially combined with the \#7 ranked location at MD-295 at MD-198 which would have made this the \#1 congested corridor for the 1st Quarter of 2016.
\#6 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2015

| Location | Average max <br> length (miles) |
| :--- | :--- |
| MD-295 SB @ Powder Mill Rd |  |
| Duration |  |



Notes: Southbound PM congestion extending from Powder Mill Rd just barely extending into the southern portion of the Baltimore region near Fort Meade occurring during both the morning and afternoon peak periods. Bottleneck is potentially combined with the \#6 ranked location at MD-295 at Powder Mill Rd which would have made this the \#1 congested corridor for the $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter of 2016.
\#7 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016

\#8 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016


Notes: Delays found in both the morning and afternoon. Longstanding bottleneck on the outer loop of the beltway primarily during the morning rush. High traffic volume area. Also contributing to congestion in the area is a beltway widening project.
\#8 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016


## \#9 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016



Notes: Bridge Maintenance project scheduled for completion in the fall of 2016. Lane closures and changing traffic patterns. The eastbound span may be closed Sunday from 10 p.m. to 5 a.m. the following morning for preservation/maintenance work or routine annual inspections. Two-way traffic will operate on the westbound span during the full eastbound span closure. The westbound span may be closed Monday through Thursday from 8 p.m. to 5 a.m. the following morning for preservation/maintenance work or routine annual inspections. Two-way traffic will operate on the eastbound span during the full westbound span closures. (Source MdTA)
\#9 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016

\#10 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016


Notes: Recurring afternoon congestion. Level of Service "F" from 4:00 to 5:00pm. A primary cause appeared to be the discharge of traffic from NSA / Ft. Meade onto northbound MD 295 via the Connector Rd. Weaving and merging at the MD 32 interchange also contributed to the congestion.
\#10 Ranked Bottleneck in the Baltimore Region - 1st Quarter 2016




## The Vehicle Probe Project

Data and graphics in this report were generated from the Vehicle Probe Project suite. The Vehicle Probe Project (VPP) is a groundbreaking initiative and collaborative effort among the I-95 Corridor Coalition, University of Maryland, INRIX, HERE and Tom Tom and has been providing comprehensive and continuous real-time travel information for more than seven years. Member agencies like the Baltimore Metropolitan Council have found numerous uses for the data beyond simply travel information.

There are now $\mathbf{7 , 0 0 0}$ centerline freeway miles, more than 20,000 freeway and arterial miles in all, including continuous coverage of the I-95 corridor from New Jersey through Florida. Coverage also exists in Rhode Island. The network includes full coverage of freeways and major arterials in North Carolina and the Tidewater area of Virginia, full or nearly full coverage of limited access roads in New Jersey, Maryland and South Carolina and the northern and eastern portions of Florida. In addition, coverage now includes ramps at 160 major highway-to- highway interchanges, with all states having interchanges included except Georgia.

## Agency Participation

As the value of the data from the Vehicle Probe Project is realized through the various applications and the continued quality via the validation efforts, the member states have increased their commitment to this project. In fact, all of the participating states have committed their own funds to continue this project and many have increased their coverage far beyond the initial core area.

## Numerous Uses for the Data

I-95 Corridor Coalition member agencies have found many uses for the vehicle probe data, including:

- Travel Information for 511 (web and phone) Systems, Dynamic Message Signs, and Kiosks
- Travel Time Calculations for Message Boards
- Performance Measures and Travel Time Reliability Support
- Traffic Pattern Observations (in-state and multi-state)
- Trip Planning (www.i95travelinfo.net)
- Performance Measures Tool - Continuing the momentum in performance analysis, the newest initiative from the Coalition is the Vehicle Probe Project Suite. The basic tools include:


## Bottleneck and Incident dashboard

Massive Raw Data Downloader
Historical Data Visualizations and Performance Measures (Congestion Scan)
UMD CATT Lab made the VPP suite available to participating agencies. For the training video, please visit http://vpp.ritis.org/suite/screencast/

## Should you have any questions, please contact:

- For general project questions, Marygrace Parker at 518-852-4083 or i95mgp@ttc.net For the Vehicle Probe Project Suite, Michael L. Pack at 301-405-0722 or packml@umd.edu

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